



Employer Public Report

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Submitted By:

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Public Reports

WGEA publishes the Public Report, except personal information in whole, or part on the Data Explorer and uses its contents in whole or part for other purposes in electronic or other formats.

Two documents make up your Public Report and can be generated and downloaded after preparing your submission for lodgement:

- Public Report Questionnaire
- Public Report Employee Data Tables

The Public Report must be:

- Given to your CEO or equivalent for review, approval and sign off before lodgement.
- Shared in accordance with the Notification and Access requirements under the Workplace Gender Equality Act 2012 (the Act).

Report contacts will be asked to declare in the Portal that all relevant CEO or equivalents have signed the public report.

Detailed information on the requirements to share the public report with your employees, members or shareholders can be found within the online Reporting Guide on <u>Notification and Access requirements</u>.

Gender Equality Standards

If there is a single entity employing 500 or more employees, they must have a policy or strategy in place against each of the six Gender Equality Indicators. More information can be found within the online reporting guide on <u>Gender Equality Standards</u>.



Workplace Overview

Policies & Strategies

Employer policies or strategies on workplace gender equality and the composition of the workforce can be powerful levers for making progress and change. Policies or strategies are most effective when backed up by evidence-informed action plans to address areas of imbalance and inequality. Similarly, targets are achievable, time-framed goals that create mechanisms for accountability and are effective when combined with dedicated actions to help achieve them.

when combined with dedicated actions to help achieve them.			
	o you have formal policies and/or formal strategies in place that support gender ity in the workplace?		
Yes			
Policy	r; Strategy		
	1.1a Do the formal policies and/or formal strategies include any of the following?		
	Recruitment; Retention; Performance management processes; Promotions; Training and development; Key performance indicators for managers relating to gender equality		
	o you have a formal policy and/or formal strategy on diversity and inclusion in your isation?		
Policy	r; Strategy		
	1.2a Do the formal policies and/or formal strategies include any of the following?		
	Gender identity; Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander background; Cultural and/or language background; Disability and/or accessibility; Age		
1.3 Do	oes your organisation have any targets to address gender equality in your place?		
No			

1.4 If your organisation would like to provide additional information relating to your gender equality policies and strategies, please do so below.

Governed by BNSW, and supporting gender equality in fair recruitment and appointment





Workplace Overview

Governing Bodies

Gender balance on governing bodies or Boards is good for business. It contributes to workplace gender equality outcomes and improved company performance more broadly. Measures to support gender balance in the governing body include analysing the gender representation of chairs and other members, considering gender in the selection of Board members, and taking action to drive change through term limits, gender equality targets and policies.

1.5 Identify your organisat	ion/s' governing bod	or bodies.	
Organisation: Alliance Heal	th Services Group Pty	Limited	
A. To your knowledge, is tl group for this year's Gend		so reported in a different subm	ission
No			
3. What is the name of yoເ	ır governing body?		
ALLIANCE AUSTRALIA SUE and Alliance Health Service		tralian Business Solutions Grou	up Pty Ltd
C. What type of governing	body does this organ	isation have?	
Board of Directors			
D. How many members are cosition?	e in the governing boo	ly and who holds the predomin	ant Chai
	Female (F)	Male (M)	
Chair	0	1	
Members (excluding chairs)	1	2	
E. Do you have formal poli gender equality in this org		ategies in place to support and body?	d achieve
No			
	over governing body/a	ppointments	

F. Does this organisation's governing body have limits on the terms of its Chair and/ or

Details why there is no control over governing body/appointments: Appointments are made by the Business NSW Governing Body & governed by its policy/strategy



Members?	
No Do not have control over governing body/appointments	
G. Has a target been set on the representation of women on this governing body?	
No	
Selected value: Do not have control over governing body/appointments	
H. Do you have a formal policy and/or formal strategy on diversity and inclusion for	this
organisation's governing body?	
No	
Organisation: HEARTBEAT NURSING AGENCY PTY LTD	
A. To your knowledge, is this governing body also reported in a different submission group for this year's Gender Equality Reporting?	
No	
B. What is the name of your governing body?	•
ALLIANCE AUSTRALIA SUBSIDIARY BOARD (Australian Business Solutions Group Pty I and Alliance Health Services Group Pty Ltd)	_td
C. What type of governing body does this organisation have?	
Board of Directors	
D. How many members are in the governing body and who holds the predominant Ch position?	 air
Female (F) Male (M)	

	١
\/\	7

Chair

Members (excluding chairs)

1

E. Do you have formal policies and/or formal strategies in place to support and achieve gender equality in this organisation's governing body?		
No		
Do not have control over governing body/appointments		
Details why there is no control over governing body/appointments: Appointments are made by the Business NSW Governing Body & governed by its policy/strategy		
F. Does this organisation's governing body have limits on the terms of its Chair and/ or Members?		
No Do not have control over governing body/appointments		
G. Has a target been set on the representation of women on this governing body?		
No		
Selected value: Do not have control over governing body/appointments		
H. Do you have a formal policy and/or formal strategy on diversity and inclusion for this organisation's governing body?		
No		
Organisation: ABILITY PLUS DISABILITY SERVICES PTY LTD		
A. To your knowledge, is this governing body also reported in a different submission group for this year's Gender Equality Reporting?		
No		
B. What is the name of your governing body?		
ALLIANCE AUSTRALIA SUBSIDIARY BOARD (Australian Business Solutions Group Pty Ltd and Alliance Health Services Group Pty Ltd)		
C. What type of governing body does this organisation have?		



D. How many members are in the governing body and who holds the predominant	t Chair
position?	

	Female (F)	Male (M)
Chair	0	1
Members (excluding chairs)	1	2

E. Do you have formal policies and/or formal strategies in place to support and achieve gender equality in this organisation's governing body?

No

Do not have control over governing body/appointments

Details why there is no control over governing body/appointments: Appointments are made by the Business NSW Governing Body & governed by its policy/strategy

F. Does this organisation's governing body have limits on the terms of its Chair and/ or Members?

No

Do not have control over governing body/appointments

G. Has a target been set on the representation of women on this governing body?

No

Selected value: Do not have control over governing body/appointments

H. Do you have a formal policy and/or formal strategy on diversity and inclusion for this organisation's governing body?

No

Organisation: Alliance Health Services Group Pty Limited

A. To your knowledge, is this governing body also reported in a different submission



No			
) What is the name of you	u acycumina hody?		
B. What is the name of you			
ALLIANCE AUSTRALIA SUE and Alliance Health Service		stralian Business Solution	s Group Pty Ltd
C. What type of governing	body does this orga	nisation have?	
Board of Directors			
). How many members are osition?	e in the governing bo	dy and who holds the pred	dominant Chair
	Female (F)	Male (M)	
Chair	0	1	
Members (excluding chairs)	1	2	
Details why there is are made by the BNS	SW Governing Body 8	rning body/appointments a governed by its policy/str	ategy
6. Has a target been set o	n the representation	of women on this governi	ng body?
Selected value: Do n	ot have control over	governing body/appointmo	ents



organisation's governing body?

No

Organisation: HEARTBEAT NURSING AGENCY PTY LTD

A. To your knowledge, is this governing body also reported in a different submission group for this year's Gender Equality Reporting?

No

B. What is the name of your governing body?

ALLIANCE AUSTRALIA SUBSIDIARY BOARD (Australian Business Solutions Group Pty Ltd and Alliance Health Services Group Pty Ltd)

C. What type of governing body does this organisation have?

Board of Directors

D. How many members are in the governing body and who holds the predominant Chair position?

	Female (F)	Male (M)
Chair	0	1
Members (excluding chairs)	1	2

E. Do you have formal policies and/or formal strategies in place to support and achieve gender equality in this organisation's governing body?

No

Do not have control over governing body/appointments

Details why there is no control over governing body/appointments: Appointments are made by the BNSW Governing Body & governed by its policy/strategy

F. Does this organisation's governing body have limits on the terms of its Chair and/ or Members?

No

Do not have control over governing body/appointments



G. Has a target been set on the representation of women on this governing body?
No
Selected value: Do not have control over governing body/appointments
H. Do you have a formal policy and/or formal strategy on diversity and inclusion for this organisation's governing body?
Organisation: ABILITY PLUS DISABILITY SERVICES PTY LTD
A. To your knowledge, is this governing body also reported in a different submission group for this year's Gender Equality Reporting?
No
B. What is the name of your governing body?
ALLIANCE AUSTRALIA SUBSIDIARY BOARD (Australian Business Solutions Group Pty Ltd and Alliance Health Services Group Pty Ltd)
C. What type of governing body does this organisation have?
Board of Directors
D. How many members are in the governing body and who holds the predominant Chair position?

	Female (F)	Male (M)
Chair	0	1
Members (excluding chairs)	1	2

E. Do you have formal policies and/or formal strategies in place to support and achieve gender equality in this organisation's governing body?

No

Do not have control over governing body/appointments



Details why there is no control over governing body/appointments: Appointments are made by the BNSW Governing Body & governed by its policy/strategy
F. Does this organisation's governing body have limits on the terms of its Chair and/ or Members?
No Do not have control over governing body/appointments
G. Has a target been set on the representation of women on this governing body? $\ensuremath{\text{No}}$
Selected value: Do not have control over governing body/appointments
H. Do you have a formal policy and/or formal strategy on diversity and inclusion for this organisation's governing body?
No
1.6 If your organisation would like to provide additional information relating to governing bodies and gender equality in your workplace, do so below.



Action on Gender Equality

Gender Pay Gaps

The gender pay gap is the difference in average or median earnings between women and men. It is a measure of how we value the contribution of women and men in the workforce. The gender pay gap is not to be confused with women and men being paid the same for the same, or comparable, job – this is equal pay. Equal pay for equal work is a legal requirement in Australia. However, illegal instances of unequal pay can still be one of the many drivers of the gender pay gap. Closing the gender pay gap is important for Australia's economic future and reflects our aspiration to be an equal and fair society for all.

2.1 Do you have formal policies and/or formal strategies on equal remuneration (pay equity and the gender pay gap) between women and men?

No

2.2 Have you conducted analysis to determine if there are remuneration gaps between women and men?

No

We think this isn't relevant because salaries for employees are set by awards or industrial agreements

2.3 If your organisation would like to provide additional information relating to employer action on pay equity and/or gender remuneration gaps in your workplace, please do so below.



Action on Gender Equality

Employee Consultation

Engaging employees through consultation on gender equality issues helps employers to understand the employee experience and to take meaningful action. Employers can use the information they learn through the consultation process to generate solutions that are practical and relevant to their organisation.

2.4 Have you consulted with employees on issues concerning gender equality in your workplace during the reporting period?

Yes

2.4a How did you consult employees?

Employee experience survey; Consultative committee or group

2.4b Who did you consult?

Diversity committee or equivalent

2.5 Do you have formal policies and/or formal strategies in place to ensure employees are consulted and have input on issues concerning gender equality in the workplace?

No

2.8 If your organisation would like to provide additional information relating to employee consultation on gender Equality in your workplace, please do so below.

As a labour hire employer, our workforce operates across multiple host employer sites under Fair Work legislation and applicable awards or enterprise agreements. While gender equality outcomes are influenced by these frameworks, we recognise our role in fostering an inclusive and equitable workplace culture. During the reporting period, we: • Included gender equality as part of our onboarding, policies, and mandatory training (e.g. EEO, sexual harassment prevention). • Partially consulted internal employees via annual staff survey which includes demographic questions such as gender identity and flexible work preferences. • Monitored workforce data and trends (e.g. gender composition, pay equity by classification) to inform future initiatives. We acknowledge the challenges of conducting direct consultation across a dispersed workforce, and are exploring ways to strengthen engagement with on-hire employees on issues such as workplace culture and gender equality in partnership with host employers.



Flexible Work

Flexible Working Arrangements

A flexible working arrangement is an agreement between an employer and an employee to change the standard working arrangement, often through a change to the hours, pattern or location of work. Flexible work is a key enabler of gender equality, helps accommodate an employee's commitments out of work and has become increasingly important for employers in attracting and retaining diverse and talented employees.

3.1 Do you have a formal policy and/or formal strategy on flexible working arrangements?

Yes

Policy

3.1a Do the formal policies and/or formal strategies include any of the following?

All employees are surveyed on whether they have sufficient flexibility; Other

Provide Details: As a labour hire employer, most roles are short-term and client-driven. Casual staff can accept/decline shifts and request preferred times/locations. Formal flexible work requests are assessed case-by-case, considering host site requirements.

3.2 Do you offer any of the following flexible working options to MANAGERS and/or NON MANAGERS in your workplace?

Flexible working option	MANAGERS	NON-MANAGERS
Flexible hours of work (start	No	Yes
and finish times)		
Compressed working weeks	No	No
Time-in-lieu	No	No
Hybrid working (regular days	No	No
worked from home and in		
office)		
Working fully remote (no	No	No
regular days worked in office)		
Reduced hours or part-time	No	Yes
work		
Job sharing arrangements	No	Yes
Purchased leave	No	No
Unpaid leave	No	Yes
Flexible scheduling, rostering	No	Yes
or switching of shifts		

3.3 If your organisation would like to provide additional information relating to flexible working and gender equality in your workplace, please do so below.

As a labour hire employer with a predominantly casual on-hire workforce, the nature of our operations requires alignment with the specific needs and shift structures of host employers. Most placements are short-term, client-driven, and vary across sectors and sites, which can limit the ability to offer traditional forms of flexible work (e.g. fixed part-time or remote work).



We support flexibility in the following ways: • Casual workers are generally able to accept or decline shifts in line with their availability and personal commitments, providing a degree of autonomy and schedule control. • We regularly accommodate preferences for location, time of day, and shift type, where placements permit. • For eligible employees (e.g. long-term regular casuals or permanent staff), we follow the Fair Work Act processes for formal flexible work requests and assess them on a case-by-case basis, taking into account the operational requirements of the host sites. We are committed to continuing to improve visibility over available flexible placements and supporting diverse workforce needs, while working within the constraints of host employer settings.



Employee Support for Parents and Carers

Paid Parental Leave

Parental leave policies are designed to support and protect working parents around the time of childbirth or adoption of a child and when children are young. Some employers offer universally available parental leave policies, offering equal parental leave for all parents, others offer with a distinction between 'primary' and 'secondary' carers. It's important that it's a policy that's available to all parents, irrespective of gender, recognising the equally important role of all parents in caregiving. Gender equal policies help to de-gender the ideal worker and carer norms, which pervade the workplace and reduce opportunities for women to remain in, or re-enter the workforce.

4.1 Do you provide employer-funded paid parental leave in addition to any government-
funded parental leave scheme?

No Government scheme is sufficient

4.2 Do you pay superannuation contributions to your employees while they are on parental leave?

No

4.3 If your organisation would like to provide additional information relating to paid parental leave and gender equality in your workplace, please do so below.

Employers in Australia are not required to pay superannuation contributions for employees during periods of government-funded Paid Parental Leave (PPL).



Employee Support for Parents and Carers

Support for Carers

Employers can contribute to workplace gender equality by providing support for employees with caring responsibilities. A carer refers to, but is not limited to, an employee's role as the parent (biological, step, adoptive or foster) or guardian of a child, or carer of a child, parent, spouse or domestic partner, close relative, or other dependent. Employer support for employees with caring responsibilities allows them to better accommodate their out-of-work responsibilities.

4.4 Do you have formal policies and/or formal strategies to support employees with family or caring responsibilities?

Yes

Policy

4.4a Do the formal policies and/or formal strategies include any of the following?

Gender inclusive language when referring to carers; Support for all carers (e.g. carers of children, elders, people with disability); Flexible working arrangements and adjustments to work hours and/or location to support family or caring responsibilities; Job redesign to support family or caring responsibilities

4.5 Do you offer any of the following support mechanisms for employees with family or caring responsibilities?

Support mechanism	Answer
Breastfeeding facilities	No
Information packs for those with family and/or caring responsibilities	No
Referral services to support employees with family and/ or caring responsibilities	Yes
Coaching for employees returning to work from parental leave and/or extended carers leave and/or career breaks	No
Internal support networks for parents and/or carers	No
Targeted communication mechanisms (e.g. intranet forums)	No



Support mechanism	Answer
Return to work bonus (only select if this bonus is not the balance of paid parental leave)	No
Support for employees with securing care (including school holiday care) by securing priority places at local care centres (could include for childcare, eldercare and/or adult day centres)	No
Referral services for care facilities (could include for childcare, eldercare and/or adult day centres)	No
On-site childcare	No
Employer subsidised childcare	No
Parenting workshop	No
Keep-in-touch programs for carers on extended leave and/or parental leave	No
Access to counselling and external support for carers (e.g. EAP)	Yes

4.6 If your organisation would like to provide additional information relating to support for carers in your workplace, please do so below.



Harm Prevention

Sexual harassment, harassment on the ground of sex or discrimination

Workplace sexual harassment and sex discrimination is a gender equality issue that predominantly impacts women. To increase women's workforce participation and well-being, it is essential employers take action to prioritise and protect all employees from sexual harassment, harassment on the ground of sex or discrimination and ensure that every employee feels safe in the workplace.

5.1 Do you have formal policies and/or formal strategies on the prevention of and appropriate response to sexual harassment, harassment on the ground of sex or discrimination?

Yes

Policy; Strategy

5.1a Do the formal policies and/or formal strategies include any of the following?

A grievance process; Definitions and examples of sexual harassment, harassment on the grounds of sex and discrimination and consequences of engaging in this behaviour; The legal responsibilities of the employer to eliminate, so far as possible, sexual harassment and how it is demonstrated in the organisation; Leadership accountabilities and responsibilities for prevention and response to sexual harassment; Disclosure options (internal and external) and process to investigate and manage any sexual harassment; Expected standard of behaviour is clearly outlined and included in recruitment and performance management processes; Guidelines for human resources or other designated responding staff on confidentiality and privacy; Sexual harassment risk management and how control measures will be monitored, implemented and reviewed; Process for development and review of the policy, including consultation with employees, unions or industry groups: Protection from adverse action based on disclosure of sexual harassment and discrimination; A system for monitoring outcomes of sexual harassment and discrimination disclosure, including employment outcomes for those impacted by sexual harassment and the respondent; The frequency and nature of reporting to the governing body and management on sexual harassment; Manager and nonmanager training on respectful workplace conduct and sexual harassment

5.1b If Yes, have the policies and/or strategies been reviewed and approved in the reporting period by the Governing Body and CEO (or equivalent)?

	Answer
By the Governing Body	No
By the CEO (or equivalent)	No

5.2 Do you provide training on the prevention of sexual harassment, harassment on the ground of sex or discrimination to the following groups?

Yes



Cohort	At induction	At promotion	Annually	Multiple times per year
All managers	Yes	No	No	No
All non-managers	Yes	No	No	No
The Governing Body	Yes		No	No

5.2a Does the training program delivered to the above groups include any of the following?

The respectful workplace conduct and behaviours expected of workers and leaders; Different forms of inappropriate workplace behaviour (e.g. sexual harassment, harassment on the grounds of sex and discrimination) and its impact; The drivers and contributing factors of sexual harassment; Bystander training; Options for reporting occurrences of sexual harassment as well as the risk of sexual harassment occurring; Information on worker rights, external authorities and relevant legislation relating to workplace sexual harassment; Responding to employees who engage in harassment or associated behaviours

5.3 Does the governing body and CEO or equivalent explicitly communicate their expectations on safety, respectful and inclusive workplace conduct? If yes, when?

Members of the governing body

No

Chief Executive Officer or equivalent

No

5.4 Do you have a risk management process in place to prevent and respond to sexual harassment, harassment on the ground of sex or discrimination?

Yes

5.4a Does your risk management process include any of the following?

Identification and assessment of the specific workplace and industry risks of sexual harassment; Control measures to eliminate or minimise the identified drivers and risks for sexual harassment so far as reasonably practicable; Regular review of the effectiveness of control measures to eliminate or minimise the risks of sexual harassment; Consultation on sexual harassment risks and mitigation with staff and other relevant stakeholders (e.g. people you share premises with); Reporting to leadership on workplace sexual harassment risks, prevention and response, incident



management effectiveness and outcomes, trend analysis and actions; Identification, assessment and control measures in place to manage the risk of vicarious trauma to responding staff

5.4b What actions/responses have been put in place as part of your workplace sexual harassment risk management process?

Make workplace adjustments; Change or develop new control measures; Undertake and act on a culture audit of the relevant business or division; Train people managers in prevention of sexual harassment; Train staff on mitigation and control measures; Implement other changes (provide details)

Provide Details: Risk Assessments have been conducted

5.5 What supports are available to support employees involved in and affected by sexual harassment?

Confidential external counselling (E.g. EAP); Information provided to all employees on external support services available; Reasonable adjustments to work conditions

5.6 What options does your organisation have for workers who wish to disclose or raise concerns about incidents relating to sexual harassment or similar misconduct?

Process for disclosure to human resources or other designated responding staff; Special procedures for disclosures about organisational leaders and board members; Process for workers to identify and disclose potential risks of sexual harassment, without a specific incident occurring

5.7 Does your organisation collect data on sexual harassment in your workplace, if yes, what do you collect?

Yes

Number of formal disclosures or complaints made in a year; Number of informal disclosures or complaints made in a year; Gender of the complainant/aggrieved or victim; Gender of the accused or perpetrator; Outcomes of investigations

5.8 Does your organisation report on sexual harassment to the governing body and management (CEO, KMP) and how frequently?

Governing body

Yes



Multiple times per year

CEO or equivalent

Yes

Multiple times per year

Key Management Personnel

Yes

As required

5.8a Do your reports on sexual harassment to governing body and CEO include any of the following?

Identified risks of workplace sexual harassment; Prevalence of workplace sexual harassment; Nature of workplace sexual harassment; Analysis of sexual harassment trends and reporter/respondent profiles; Organisational action to prevent and respond to sexual harassment; Outcome of reports of sexual harassment; Consequences for perpetrators of sexual harassment; Effectiveness of response to reports of sexual harassment; Use and context of non-disclosure agreements or confidentiality clauses

5.9 If your organisation would like to provide additional information relating to measures to prevent and respond to sexual harassment, harassment on the ground of sex or discrimination, please do so below.

A Respect at Work training module has been developed and rolled out to all employees and continues to be made available to Branch staff, then undertaken every 2 years. Policy attached to all employee handbooks and included in new starter inductions.



Harm Prevention

Family or Domestic Violence

5.10 Do you have a formal policy and/or formal strategy to support employees who are experiencing family or domestic violence?

Yes

Policy

5.11 Do you have the following support mechanisms in place to support employees who are experiencing family or domestic violence?

Type of support (select all that apply)	
Protection from any adverse action or discrimination based on the disclosure of domestic violence	Yes
Confidentiality of matters disclosed	Yes
Training of key personnel	No
Flexible working arrangements	Yes
Workplace safety planning	no
Employee assistance program (including access to psychologist, chaplain or counsellor)	Yes
Referral of employees to appropriate domestic violence support services for expert advice	Yes
Provision of financial support (e.g. advance bonus payment or advanced pay)	No
A domestic violence clause is in an enterprise agreement or workplace agreement	No
Access to medical services (e.g. doctor or nurse)	No
Offer change of office location	No
Emergency accommodation assistance	No

Other

Offer to change work location

5.12 Do you have the following types of leave in place to support employees who are experiencing family or domestic violence?

Access to paid domestic violence leave?

Yes

Is it unlimited?

No

Do you offer paid family and domestic violence leave by negotiation or as needed?

Yes

How many days of paid domestic violence leave?



10

Access to unpaid domestic violence leave?

Yes

Is it unlimited?

Yes

5.13 If your organisation would like to provide additional information relating to family and domestic violence affecting your employees, please do so below.



Public Report - Employee data tables

Program: 2024 - 25 Gender Equality Reporting
Employer: Alliance Health Services Group Pty Limited
Employee count: 1,005
Primary industry: 7211 - Employment Placement and Recruitment Services
Relevant employer: Yes

Table 1 – Gender composition of all occupational categories

		No. of er	nployees	Number of apprentices	graduates or s (combined)	Total employees*	
Occupational category	Employment status	F	М	F	M	Total employees	
Professionals	Full-time permanent	1	0	0	0	1	
	Part-time permanent	8	2	0	0	10	
	Casual	236	45	0	0	281	
Technicians And Trades Workers	Full-time permanent	4	50	4	49	54	
	Casual	12	16	0	0	28	
Community And Personal Service Workers	Full-time permanent	15	1	1	0	16	
	Part-time permanent	101	13	1	0	114	
	Casual	286	58	0	0	344	
Clerical And Administrative Workers	Full-time permanent	42	33	1	4	75	
	Part-time permanent	4	0	0	0	4	
	Casual	6	6	0	0	12	
Labourers	Full-time permanent	10	48	8	42	58	
	Casual	7	1	0	0	8	

^{*} Total employees includes Non-binary

Table 2 – Gender composition of manager categories

This organisation has no managers

Table 3 – Employee movements over reporting period

Question 1
How many employees were promoted?

Contract Type Employment Type		CEOs, KMPs & HOBs		Managers (excl. CEOs, KMPs & HOBs)		Non-managers		Total*
Contidot Typ	2 Employment Type	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	. 516.
Full-time	Permanent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Part-time	Permanent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Full-time	Fixed-term	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Part-time	Fixed-term	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N/A	Casual	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Question 2 How many employees were promoted from non-manager to manager?

Contract Type Employment Type	CEOs, KMPs & HOBs		All managers		Non-managers		Total*	
Contract Type Employment Type		Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Total
Full-time	Permanent			0	0			0
Part-time	Permanent			0	0			0
Full-time	Fixed-term			0	0			0
Part-time	Fixed-term			0	0			0
N/A	Casual			0	0			0

Question 3 How many employees were internally appointed?

Contract Type Employment Type		CEOs, KMPs & HOBs		Managers (excl. CEOs, KMPs & HOBs)		Non-managers		Total*
		Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	, ota.
Full-time	Permanent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Part-time	Permanent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Full-time	Fixed-term	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Part-time	Fixed-term	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N/A	Casual	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Question 4 How many employees (including partners with an employment contract) were externally appointed?

Contract Type Employment Type		CEOs, KMPs & HOBs		Managers (excl. CEOs, KMPs & HOBs)		Non-managers		Total*
		Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	rotai
Full-time	Permanent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Part-time	Permanent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Full-time	Fixed-term	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Part-time	Fixed-term	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N/A	Casual	0	0	0	0	2,693	738	3,431

^{*} Total employees includes Non-binary

Table 3 – Employee movements over reporting period (continued)

Question 5
How many employees voluntarily resigned?

Contract Typ	Contract Type Employment Type		CEOs, KMPs & HOBs		gers MPs & HOBs)	Non-m	anagers	Total*
Contract Typ	c Employment Type	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Total
Full-time	Permanent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Part-time	Permanent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Full-time	Fixed-term	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Part-time	Fixed-term	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N/A	Casual	0	0	0	0	1,651	578	2,229

Question 6 How many employees were on primary carer's parental leave (paid and/or unpaid)?

Contract Type	Contract Type Employment Type		CEOs, KMPs & HOBs		Managers (excl. CEOs, KMPs & HOBs)		nagers	Total*
Contract Type	o Employment Type	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	,
Full-time	Permanent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Part-time	Permanent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Full-time	Fixed-term	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Part-time	Fixed-term	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N/A	Casual	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Question 7 How many employees were on secondary carer's parental leave (paid and/or unpaid)?

Contract Type	Contract Type Employment Type		's & HOBs	Mana (excl. CEOs, K		Non-ma	nagers	Total*
Contract Type	e Employment Type	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	. 514.
Full-time	Permanent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Part-time	Permanent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Full-time	Fixed-term	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Part-time	Fixed-term	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N/A	Casual	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Question 8 How many employees ceased employment before returning to work from parental leave (regardless of when the leave commenced)?

Contract Type	Contract Type Employment Type		CEOs, KMPs & HOBs		Managers (excl. CEOs, KMPs & HOBs)		nagers	Total*
Contract Type	2 Employment Type	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	
Full-time	Permanent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Part-time	Permanent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Full-time	Fixed-term	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Part-time	Fixed-term	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N/A	Casual							

^{*} Total employees includes Non-binary

Public Report - Employee data tables

Program: 2024 - 25 Gender Equality Reporting
Employer: ABILITY PLUS DISABILITY SERVICES PTY LTD
Employee count: 227

Primary industry: 8599 - Other Health Care Services n.e.c. Relevant employer: Yes

Table 1 – Gender composition of all occupational categories

		No. of em	ployees	Number of g	of graduates or ces (combined) Total employer		
Occupational category	Employment status	F	M	F	M	Total employees*	
Community And Personal Service Workers	Part-time permanent	17	14	0	0	31	
	Casual	142	54	0	0	196	

^{*} Total employees includes Non-binary

Table 2 – Gender composition of manager categories

This organisation has no managers

Table 3 – Employee movements over reporting period

Question 1
How many employees were promoted?

Contract Type	Contract Type Employment Type		CEOs, KMPs & HOBs		Managers (excl. CEOs, KMPs & HOBs)		anagers	Total*
Contract Typ	2 Employmont Typo	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	. 514.
Full-time	Permanent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Part-time	Permanent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Full-time	Fixed-term	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Part-time	Fixed-term	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N/A	Casual	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Question 2 How many employees were promoted from non-manager to manager?

Contract Typ	Contract Type Employment Type		EOs, KMPs & HOBs All managers		Non-managers		Total*	
Contract Typ	c Employment Type	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Total
Full-time	Permanent			0	0			0
Part-time	Permanent			0	0			0
Full-time	Fixed-term			0	0			0
Part-time	Fixed-term			0	0			0
N/A	Casual			0	0			0

Question 3 How many employees were internally appointed?

Contract Type Employment Type		CEOs, KMPs & HOBs		Managers (excl. CEOs, KMPs & HOBs)		Non-ma	inagers	Total*
Contidot Typ	c Employment Type	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	. 514.
Full-time	Permanent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Part-time	Permanent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Full-time	Fixed-term	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Part-time	Fixed-term	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N/A	Casual	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Question 4 How many employees (including partners with an employment contract) were externally appointed?

Contract Type	Contract Type Employment Type		's & HOBs		Managers (excl. CEOs, KMPs & HOBs)		Non-managers	
Contract Type	E Employment Type	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Total*
Full-time	Permanent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Part-time	Permanent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Full-time	Fixed-term	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Part-time	Fixed-term	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N/A	Casual	0	0	0	0	124	92	216

^{*} Total employees includes Non-binary

Table 3 – Employee movements over reporting period (continued)

Question 5
How many employees voluntarily resigned?

Contract Typ	Contract Type Employment Type		CEOs, KMPs & HOBs		Managers (excl. CEOs, KMPs & HOBs)		anagers	Total*
Oontract Typ	c Employment Type	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Total
Full-time	Permanent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Part-time	Permanent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Full-time	Fixed-term	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Part-time	Fixed-term	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N/A	Casual	0	0	0	0	284	274	558

Question 6 How many employees were on primary carer's parental leave (paid and/or unpaid)?

Contract Type	Contract Type Employment Type		CEOs, KMPs & HOBs		Managers (excl. CEOs, KMPs & HOBs)		nagers	Total*
Contract Type	o Employment Type	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	,
Full-time	Permanent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Part-time	Permanent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Full-time	Fixed-term	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Part-time	Fixed-term	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N/A	Casual	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Question 7 How many employees were on secondary carer's parental leave (paid and/or unpaid)?

Contract Type	Contract Type Employment Type		CEOs, KMPs & HOBs		Managers (excl. CEOs, KMPs & HOBs)		nagers	Total*
Contiduct Type	2 Employment Type	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	, ota.
Full-time	Permanent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Part-time	Permanent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Full-time	Fixed-term	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Part-time	Fixed-term	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N/A	Casual	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Question 8 How many employees ceased employment before returning to work from parental leave (regardless of when the leave commenced)?

Contract Type	e Employment Type	CEOs, KMP	s & HOBs	Managers (excl. CEOs, KMPs & HOBs)		Non-managers		Total*
Contract Type	Employment Type	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	
Full-time	Permanent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Part-time	Permanent	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Full-time	Fixed-term	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Part-time	Fixed-term	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
N/A	Casual							

^{*} Total employees includes Non-binary